



# Florida Labor Law Postings

Must be posted in a conspicuous place for convenient viewing by all employees and applicants.



Guaranteed protection against changing laws.  
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## MINIMUM WAGE

### Notice to Employees Minimum Wage in Florida

Effective September 30, 2021, the Florida minimum wage will be \$10.00 per hour, with a minimum wage of at least \$6.98 per hour for tipped employees, in addition to tips, through September 29, 2022.

On November 3, 2020, Florida voters approved a state constitutional amendment to gradually increase the state's minimum wage each year until reaching \$15.00 per hour on September 30, 2026. On September 30, 2021, Florida's minimum wage will increase to \$10.00 per hour. Each year, thereafter, Florida's Minimum Wage will increase by \$1.00 until the Minimum Wage reaches \$15.00 per hour on September 30, 2026.

An employer may not retaliate against an employee for exercising his or her right to receive the minimum wage. Rights protected by the State Constitution include the right to:

1. File a complaint about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.
2. Inform any person about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.
3. Inform any person of his or her potential rights under Section 24, Article X of the State Constitution and to assist him or her in asserting such rights.

An employee who has not received the lawful minimum wage after notifying his or her employer and giving the employer 15 days to resolve any claims for unpaid wages may bring a civil action in a court of law against an employer to recover back wages plus damages and attorney's fees.

An employer found liable for intentionally violating minimum wage requirements is subject to a fine of \$1,000 per violation, payable to the state. The Attorney General or other official designated by the Legislature may bring a civil action to enforce the minimum wage.

For details, see Section 24, Article X of the State Constitution and Section 448.110, Florida Statutes.

## CHILD LABOR

Florida Department of Business & Professional Regulation

### Child Labor Laws

The State of Florida and the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)  
 Protecting the Health, Education and Welfare of Minors in the Workplace

This chart summarizes the child labor laws of the State of Florida and the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The stricter provisions must be observed and are denoted by bold lettering. The federal law in italics.

	Minors 16 & 17	Minors 14 & 15 – Under 14 years old MAY NOT WORK
<b>SCHOOL ATTENDANCE</b>	<b>Florida: May NOT work during school hours unless they meet a criterion of the Hour Restrictions listed below. FLSA: No limitations.</b>	<b>Florida &amp; FLSA: May not work during school hours (some exceptions apply)</b>
<b>PERMITS TO WORK</b>	<b>Florida &amp; FLSA: Not required, except the FLSA requires the employer to maintain date of birth information for all employees under 19 years old.</b>	
<b>HOURS OF WORK, WHEN SCHOOL IS IN SESSION</b>	<b>Florida: May work up to 30 hours per week. Not before 6:30 a.m. or later than 11 p.m. and for no more than 8 hours a day when school is scheduled the following day. On days when school does not follow, there are no hour restrictions. FLSA: No limitations.</b>	<b>Florida: May work up to 15 hours per week. Not before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m. and for no more than 3 hours a day on school days, when a school day follows. May work up to 8 hours on Friday, Saturday, Sunday, and on nonschool days, when school days do not follow, until 9 p.m. FLSA: Daily maximum of 3 hours on school days, 8 hours nonschool days; weekly maximum is 18 hours, not before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m. Note: Application of both state and federal laws allows this age group to work up to 8 hours on Saturday, Sunday and nonschool days, when school days do not follow, until 7 p.m.</b>
<b>HOURS OF WORK, WHEN SCHOOL IS NOT IN SESSION (summer vacation; winter, spring breaks)</b>	<b>Florida: No limitations. FLSA: No limitations. Note: Hazardous occupations still apply for minors.</b>	<b>Florida: May work up to 8 hours per day and up to 40 hours per week; may not work before 7 a.m. or after 9 p.m. FLSA: May work up to 8 hours per day and up to 40 hours per week. Work must be performed between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m.; from June 1 to Labor Day may work until 9 p.m.</b>
<b>DAYS PER WEEK</b>	<b>Florida: No more than 6 consecutive days in any one week. FLSA: No limitations.</b>	
<b>BREAKS</b>	<b>Florida: Minors may work no more than 4 consecutive hours without a 30 minute uninterrupted break. FLSA: No limitations.</b>	
<b>AGRICULTURE</b>	<b>Florida: Minors participating in farm work, not on their parents or guardian's farm, must comply with the same restrictions as in other work. FLSA: No limitations.</b>	

*FLSA: No employment permitted during school hours. May work after school in occupations not declared hazardous in agriculture. See Child Labor Bulletin 102. (Exception: 12 and 13 year-olds may be employed with written parental consent or on a farm where the minor's parent is also employed; minors under 12 may be employed with written parental consent on farms where employees are exempt from the federal minimum wage provisions.)*

**RESTRICTED OCCUPATIONS** The State of Florida has incorporated the 17 Hazardous Occupations (HOs) of the FLSA into the Florida law and Child Labor Rule. For more info on HOs, contact the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division. This poster represents a combination of those laws with an \*\* annotating Florida law only.

- Minors under the age of 18 may not work in below occupations:**
- Working in or around explosives or radioactive substances
  - Operating motor vehicles
  - Logging or sawmilling
  - Operating power-driven meat processing machines to include meat and vegetable slicers; slaughtering, meat packing, processing, or rendering
  - Working on any scaffolding, roofs or ladders above 6 feet; roofing
  - Wrecking, demolition or excavation
  - Mining occupations
  - Operating power-driven bakery; metal-forming, punching, and shearing machines; woodworking, paper products or hoisting machines
  - Manufacturing brick and tile products
  - Operating circular saws, band saws, & guillotine shears
  - \*\* Working with compressed gases exceeding 40 p.s.i.
  - \*\* Working in or around toxic substances, corrosives or pesticides
  - \*\* Firefighting
  - \*\* Working with electrical apparatus or wiring
  - \*\* Operating or assisting to operate tractors over 20 PTO horsepower, forklifts, earthmoving equipment, and harvesting, planting, or plowing machinery or any moving machinery

- Minors 14 and 15 may not work in these occupations:**
- Operating any power-driven machinery other than office machines, including all power mowers and cutters
  - Maintaining or repairing an establishment, machines, or equipment
  - Working in freezers or meat coolers
  - Operating, setting up, adjusting, or cleaning power-driven meat or vegetable slicers, grinders, food choppers, and cutters, and bakery-type mixers
  - Operating motor vehicles
  - Manufacturing, mining, or processing occupations where goods are manufactured, mined, or processed
  - Cooking (some exceptions apply) & baking
  - Working in occupations in Transportation, Warehouse and Storage, Communications, and Construction (except clerical); boiler or engine rooms
  - Loading and unloading trucks
  - Working in public messenger services
  - \*\* Handling certain dangerous animals
  - \*\* Conducting door-to-door sales of products as employment (some exceptions)
  - \*\* Spray painting

- EXEMPTIONS**  
**Hour Restrictions** - (from hour restrictions only; hazard restrictions still apply until 18 yrs.)
- Minors who hold waivers from a public school or Child Labor Compliance
  - Minors who are or have been married
  - Minors who have either graduated from an accredited high school, or hold a high school equivalency diploma
  - Minors who have served in the U.S. Armed Forces
  - Minors who are enrolled in high school work programs

- Age Restrictions** - (from age requirements; hazard restrictions still apply)
- Minors who work for their parents in occupations not declared hazardous
  - Pages in the Florida legislature
  - Newspaper delivery (10 years old)
  - Minors in the entertainment industry registered with Child Labor Compliance
- A court may authorize an exemption from age and hour restrictions.

**PARTIAL WAIVERS** The Florida Child Labor law is designed to serve and protect minors and encourage them to remain in school. At times, some minors may feel that the law conflicts with their best interest or their life circumstances; therefore, they have the right to request an exemption from the law. If the minor is attending a K-12 public school, a waiver may be obtained and granted by the local school district. All other minors may request an application by contacting the Child Labor Compliance. Waiver applications are reviewed and granted on a case by case basis. To qualify, applicants must demonstrate that certain requirements of Florida law need to be waived. Employers must keep a copy of partial waivers of employed minors.

**PENALTIES** Florida: Employment of minors in violation of Florida Child Labor law may result in fines up to \$2,500 per offense and/or be guilty of a second degree misdemeanor. **FLSA: Maximum fines up to \$11,000 per minor/per violation.**

**WORKERS' COMPENSATION** Florida: If an injured minor is employed in violation of any provision of the Child Labor laws of Florida, an employer may be subject to up to double the compensation otherwise payable under Florida Workers' Compensation law.

**POSTING REQUIREMENTS** Florida: All employers of minors must post in a conspicuous place on the property or place of employment, where it may be easily read, this poster notifying minors of the Child Labor laws.  
 For information on Florida laws contact: Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation - Child Labor Program  
 2601 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, FL 32399-2212 • Telephone 850.488.3131; Toll-Free 1.800.226.2536 • www.myfloridalicense.com  
 Government: www.dol.gov/laws/fla.htm  
 For information on federal laws contact: U.S. Department of Labor, Wage & Hour Division, listed in the telephone directory under U.S. Government.  
 Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the United States Department of Labor  
 "Working Together for Florida's Workforce"

## FAIR EMPLOYMENT

### FLORIDA LAW PROHIBITS DISCRIMINATION

**BASED ON:**  
 RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN, DISABILITY, AGE, PREGNANCY OR MARITAL STATUS.

**WHAT IS COVERED UNDER THE LAW:**

- EMPLOYMENT
- PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS
- RETALIATION AFTER FILING A CLAIM
- STATE EMPLOYEE WHISTLE-BLOWER RETALIATION

*If you feel that you have been discriminated against, visit our web site or call us!*

### FLORIDA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS

4075 Esplanade Way, Suite 110  
 Tallahassee, Florida 32399

<http://FCHR.state.fl.us>

Phone: (850) 488-7082

Voice Messaging: 1-800-342-8170

### LA LEY DE LA FLORIDA PROHIBE DISCRIMINACIÓN

**BASADA EN:**

RAZA, COLOR, RELIGIÓN, SEXO, ORIGEN NACIONAL, INCAPACIDAD, EDAD, EMBARAZO, O ESTADO CIVIL.

**LO QUE ESTÁ CUBIERTO BAJO LA LEY:**

- EMPLEO
- LUGARES DE ACOMODO PÚBLICO
- ACCIÓN VENGATIVA DESPUES DE PRESENTAR UNA QUEJA
- ACCIÓN VENGATIVA EN CONTRA DE PRESENTAR UNA QUEJA BAJO LA LEY DE "SOPLAÓN" (WHISTLE-BLOWER)

*¡Si usted siente que ha sido discriminado, visite nuestra página web o llámenos!*

### LA COMISIÓN DE RELACIONES HUMANAS DE LA FLORIDA

4075 Esplanade Way, Suite 110  
 Tallahassee, Florida 32399

<http://FCHR.state.fl.us>

Teléfono: (850) 488-7082

Correo de Voz: 1-800-342-8170

## WORKERS' COMPENSATION

# Workers' Comp Works For You

If you are injured on the job:

1. Notify your employer immediately to get the name of an approved physician. Workers' comp insurance may not pay the medical bills if you don't report your injury promptly to your employer.
2. Notify the doctor and medical staff that you were injured on the job so that bills may be properly filed.
3. If you have any problems with your claim or suffer excessive delays in treatment, contact the State of Florida's Division of Workers' Compensation at 1-800-342-1741.

Workers' compensation pays for all authorized medically necessary care and treatment related to your injury or illness.

If you are unable to work or your earnings are lower because of a work related injury or illness, and you have been disabled for more than seven calendar days, you may be eligible for some wage replacement benefits.

### \$25,000 Reward ANTI-FRAUD REWARD PROGRAM

Rewards of up to \$25,000 may be paid to persons providing information to the Department of Financial Services leading to the arrest and conviction of persons committing insurance fraud, including employers who illegally fail to obtain workers' compensation coverage. Persons may report suspected fraud to the department at

1-800-378-0445 or online at <https://first.fldfs.com>

A person is not subject to civil liability for furnishing such information, if such person acts without malice, fraud or bad faith.

This notice of compliance must be posted by the employer and maintained conspicuously in and about the employer's place or places of employment. State of Florida Division of Workers' Compensation

69L-6.007, F.A.C. Compensation Notice  
 DFS-F4-1548  
 Revised March 2010  
 (Fraud reporting link updated April 2021)

PLACE INSURER INFORMATION STICKER HERE

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE



To Employees:

- Your Employer is registered with the Florida Department of Revenue as an employer who is liable under the Florida Reemployment Assistance Law. This means that You, as employees, are covered by the Reemployment Assistance Program, formerly known as Unemployment Compensation Program.
- Reemployment assistance taxes finance the benefits paid to eligible unemployed workers. Those taxes are paid by your employer and, by law, cannot be deducted from employee's wages.
- You may be eligible to receive reemployment assistance benefits if you meet the following requirements:
  1. You must be totally or partially unemployed through no fault of your own.
  2. You must apply for benefits at <https://connect.myflorida.com>.
  3. You must register for work at [www.employflorida.com](http://www.employflorida.com).
  4. You must have a history of sufficient employment and wages.
  5. You must be Able to work and Available for work.
- You may file a claim for partial unemployment for any week you work less than full time due to lack of work if your wages during that week are less than your weekly benefit amount.
- You must report all earnings while claiming benefits. Failure to do so is a third-degree felony with a maximum penalty of 5 years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine.
- Discharges related to misconduct connected with work may result in disqualification with a penalty period AND remain in effect until a set amount of wages have been earned with new employment.
- Voluntarily quitting a job without good cause attributable to the employer may result in disqualification until a set amount of wages have been earned with new employment.
- If you have any questions regarding reemployment assistance benefits, contact the Department of Economic Opportunity, Reemployment Assistance Program at:

Department of Economic Opportunity  
 Division of Workforce Services  
 Reemployment Assistance Program  
 1-800-204-2418  
[www.floridajobs.org](http://www.floridajobs.org)

This notice must be posted in accordance with Section 443.151(1) Florida Statutes, of the Florida Reemployment Assistance Program Law.